





# Extra-Solar Planetary Imaging Coronagraph

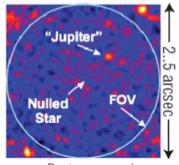
# Rick Lyon Navigator Program Forum 2007

PI: Mark Clampin (GSFC) Deputy PI: Gary Melnick (SAO)

#### **EPIC Team**

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Martin Harwit (Cornell U) Mark Marley (NASA/Ames) Jean Schneider (Paris Obs) Jian Ge (U of FLA) **Bob Woodruff (LMCO)** 



Post-processed (matched filter)

**Epic**: "long series of events characterized by struggle" Epicurus (342 - 270 B.C.) 'universe must be infinite and contain an infinity of worlds.'

EPIC - Extra-Solar Planetary Imaging Coronagraph







# **Overview**



### Proposed as NASA/Discovery Mission (2006)

# Proposed as NASA/Discovery mission

### Science

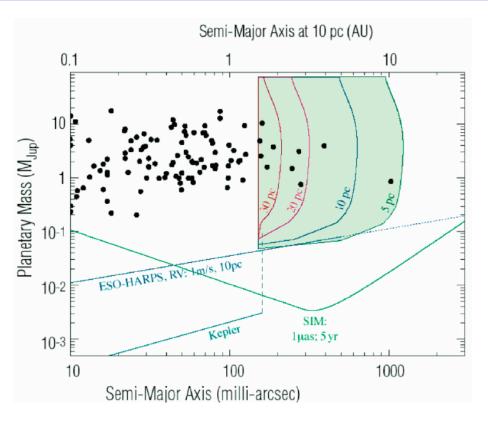
- Jovian planets ~1 100 J masses
- Detect & Characterize Jovian planets
- IWA ~ 186 mas (~2.7  $\lambda$ /D @  $\lambda$  = 500 nm)
- Contrast <  $10^{-9}$  (15%  $\Delta\lambda$ )
- Throughput ~ 12-15% (varies with shear)

### Mission Concept

- Mission Life: 3 yrs, 5 yr goal
- Orbit: Heliocentric Earth Trailing
- Spacecraft: BATC-Kepler
- Instrument: LMCO
- S/C Pointing: 1 arcsec 3σ/axis
- Pointing: 15 mas 3σ/axis

#### Instrument

- OTA: 1.5 m off-axis unobscured
- Visible Nulling Coronagraph w/ X/Y Nullers
- Wavelength 450 850 nm
- OTA Wavefront Error: ~λ/20 rms, ~ 1/f3
- Active Null Control (~1/1000 sec) via 2 DM's and SFA



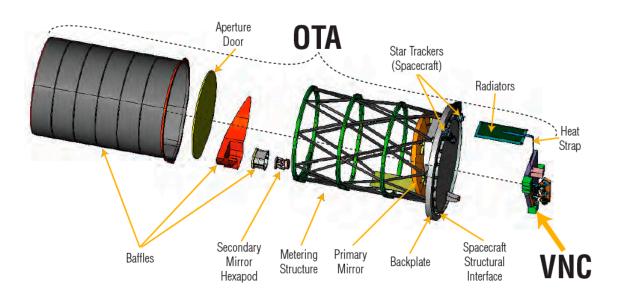
- •EPIC, can characterize at least 7 known RV planets
- By launch potentially many more



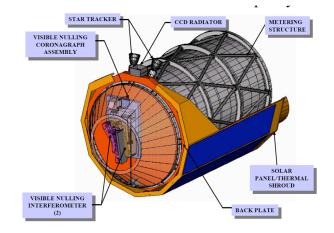
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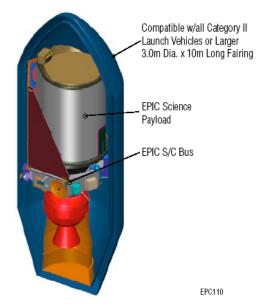
# **EPIC** Spacecraft & Science Payload

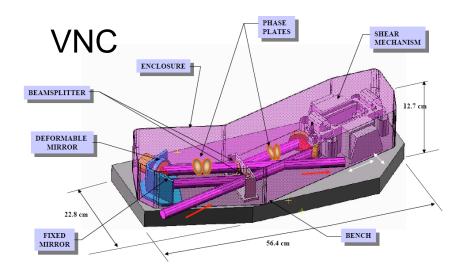




### • EPIC employs Kepler bus





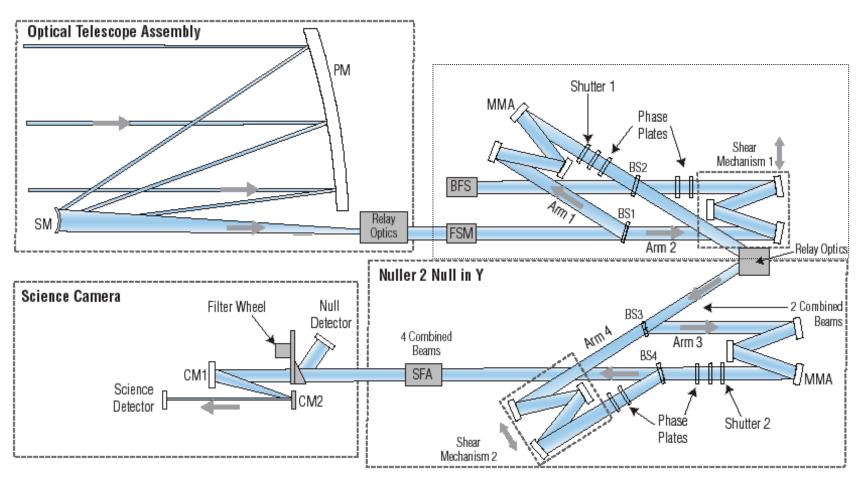






## **EPIC: Schematically**





Not to scale

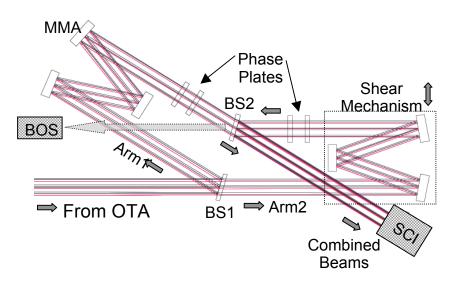
• modular => OTA, 2 nullers, Sci Cam

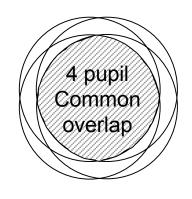


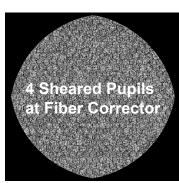


# Principle of Visible Nulling Coronagraph (VNC)





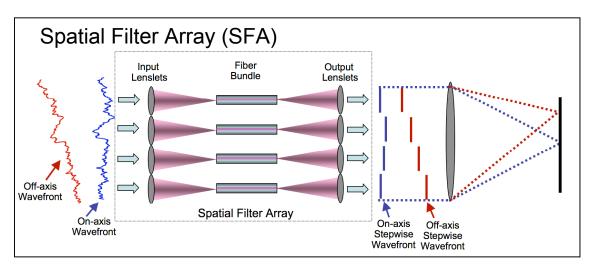




Sky transmission pattern:

$$T(\theta) = \sin^2(2\pi s_x \theta_{xp}) \sin^2(2\pi s_y \theta_{yp})$$

- Looks like sin<sup>2</sup> occulter but:
  - achieved w/o focal plane mask
  - and is tunable via shear
- SFA w/DM's clean up amp/WF

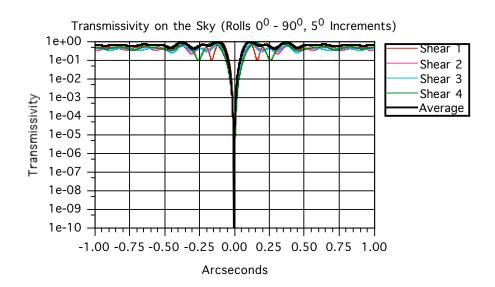




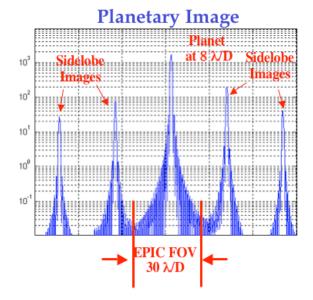


# **Search Mode**Build up transmission via shear/roll





- Build up Fourier components of transmission W/ shear, roll combinations
  - Discovery mode => 4 shears / 3 rolls
  - Characterization => 1 shear / 1 roll

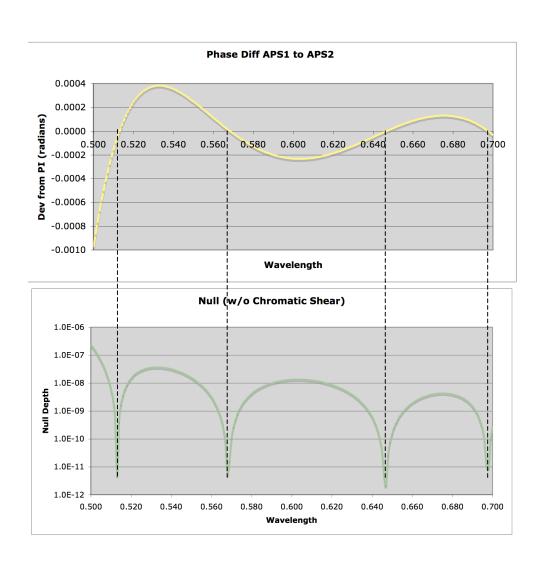


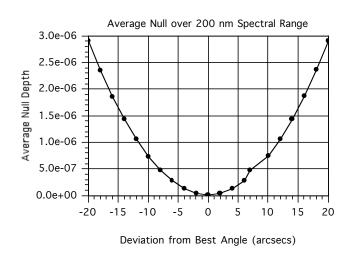




### **Achromatic Nulling**







- 4 plates (2 per arm per nuller FS, BK7)
- Dispersion => path length deviation per  $\lambda$
- Function of thickness, angle,  $n(\lambda)$
- Solve via using simulated annealing
- 4 zero crossings => 4 deep nulls
- Null depth  $< 10^{-7}$  over range e.g. 0.5 0.7
- Sensitivity:  $\sigma \sim +/- 2$  arcsec/glass
- Can be done with gratings / grism also...



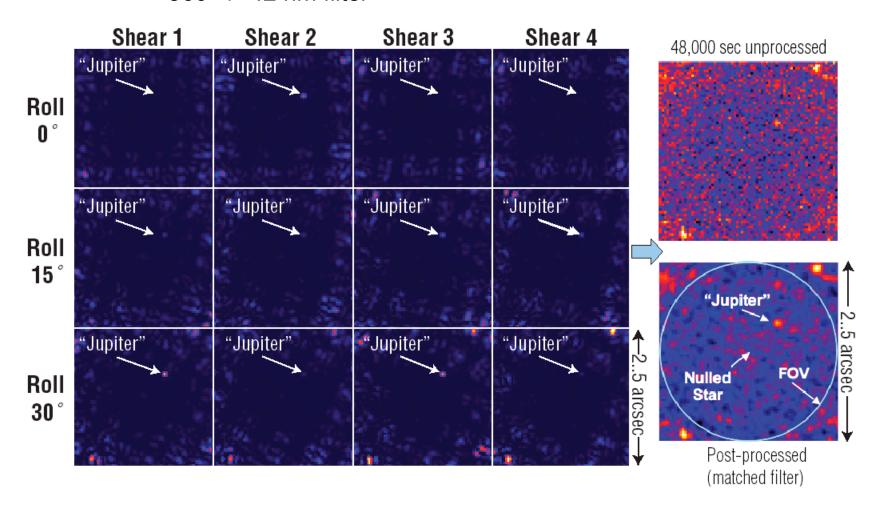


## **EPIC** *Discovery* Mode



(Simulations)

- While searching for planet (Discovery mode)
- 12 separate (3 rolls/4 shears) 4,000 sec exposures
- Null Control every 1,000 secs
- 560 +/- 42 nm filter







# **Technologies**



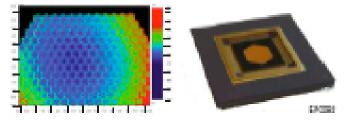


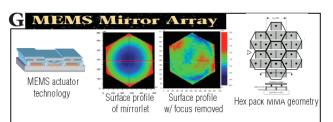
EPIC's spatial filter array consists of a compact fiber bundle (left) composed of light isolated fibers (right) sandwiched between two lenslet arrays. Col J. Ge has fabricated spatial filter arrays exceeding EPIC's required tolerances.

#### Technologies:

- 1.5 OTA (λ/20 rms)
- 1 Fine steering mirror
- 2 Matched sets of BS
- 2 Discrete DMs (~1200 mirrorlets)
- 4 pair Achromatic phase plates (glass/grating)
- 2 Precision/Stable mechanisms
- 1 Spatial Filter Array (SFA) (~1200 fibers/lenslets)
- 1 Photon counting detector
- Null control (~1/1000 sec)

Risk associated with technologies acting in concert Development of "large" discrete DM's (BMC/Iris-AO: SBIR's)





EPIC's nullers employ commercially available MEMS mirror array technology. EPIC's MMA's are required to provide piston/tip/tilt control. Boston Micromachine (BMC) markets MEMS mirrorlets that meet or exceed our requirements for stability, range and resolution. UC Santa Cruz, with BMC, has demonstrated the required stability over periods longer than EPIC requires. GSFC has an SBIR with BMC for flight qualification of MMAs and BU/NASA/JPL have funded BMC to provide the MMA for the PICTURE flight mission.



Photon counting CCD's



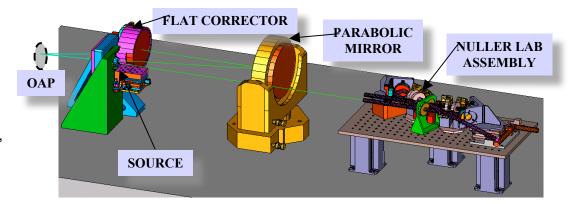


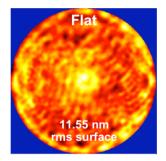
# **GSFC: Visible Nulling Coronagraph Testbed**

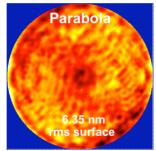


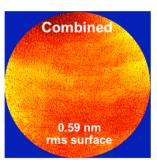
### 3 Main Assemblies:

- (1) <u>Telescope Emulator (ASML optics)</u> Control WFE from λ/424 to λ/20 rms Fiber source, pellicle BS, OAP, Flat...
- (2) <u>Visible Nulling Coronagraph (LMCO)</u>
  2 BS, 4 achromatic plates, actuators,
  HeNe, Diode Laser, White light fiber source,
  HOE, CCD, theodolites, CMM, Davidson
- (3) <u>Fiber bundle test fixture</u>
  BS, Fiber Bundle, Deformable Mirror, CCD







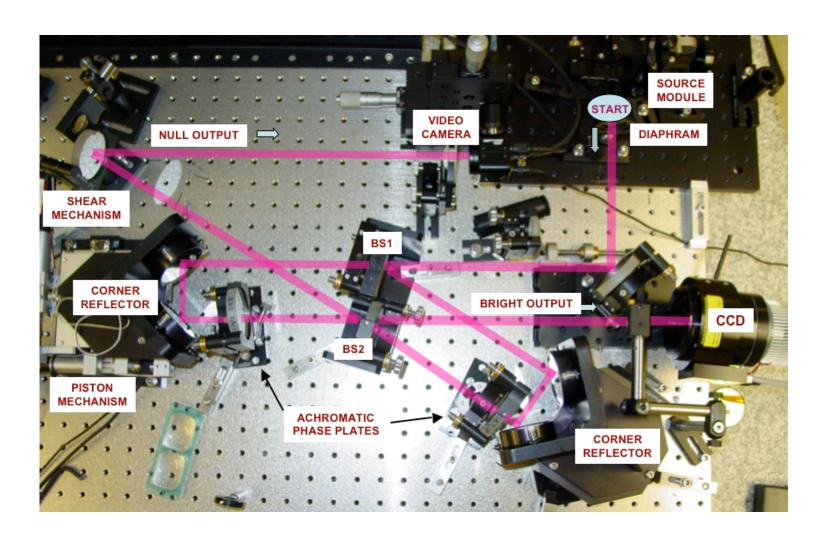






### **GSFC Lab Breadboard**









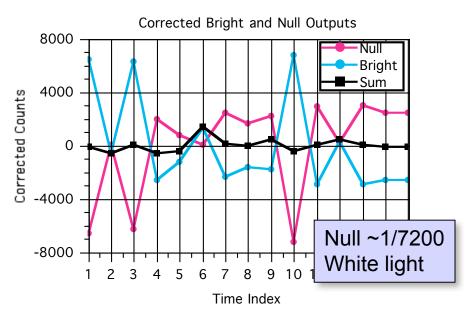
### **Lab Results to Date**



- Observed null to ~1.4x10<sup>-4</sup> (white light in air)
- Theoretical contrast ~1.4x10<sup>-7</sup> (inferred)
- Null's not yet stable (vibration/turbulence)
- Thermal source
- Likely better with spectral filter(s)
- Super continuum source ordered
- Currently concentrating on stabilization
- Vacuum tank delivered
  - Dancing fringes due to acoustics/vibration
  - Moved from clean room to more stable lab
  - Bright / Null fringes show correct out of phase behavior & achromaticity
  - Null is time averaged due to frame time,
     & dancing fringes
     slow frame rate for CCD ~1/2 sec

### VNC Lab White Light Images



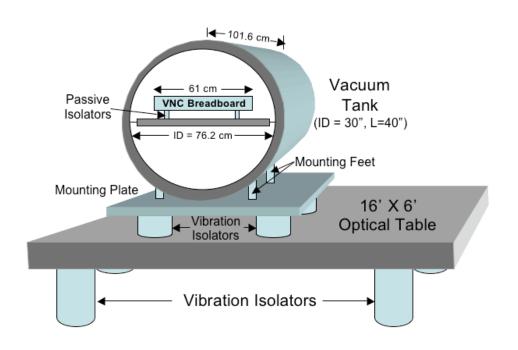






## **Heading towards Vacuum**







- Custom vacuum tank procured
- 3 DM's procured
- 10 x 10 fiber bundle w/ lenslet arrays procured
- DM with fiber to be tested on separate small Michelson



# **EPIC** Discussion/Conclusions



- IWA => EPIC ~2.7  $\lambda$ /D (186 mas), sensitivity to resolved source > 10 mas (0.05  $\lambda$ /D)
- Null Control:
  - No intermediary WF/Amp sensed
  - Sense only that which is important => Null
  - Pupil plane sensing => parallel / multiplexed
  - Can be performed rapidly after initial control step
- No optics at or near focal planes
  - Doesn't suffer from mask tolerance problems
  - nor mask chromaticity
- For Jovian planet detections most components meet requirements
  - except # of DM / fibers => MEMS in inherently scalable
  - BMC & IRIS-AO have NASA/SBIRs
  - SFA technology growing
- Lab can validate models & increase null control algorithm fidelity
- VNC Allows obscurations, segmented or sparse aperture
- Expandable to >2m apertures (will look at Terrestrial detections w/2m & tighter IWA)
- Chromatic effects
  - chromatic tilt due to tip/tilt DM correction of grey reflectivities => drives OTA amp nonuniform
  - residual leakage of achromatic phase plates
- Observational efficiency requires:
  - repointing, spectral retuning (rotate phase plates), null control
- Throughput varies with shear and wavelength, average ~15%
- GSFC lab level demo with DM/fiber bundle/null control in progress
- Need direct contrast measurement, currently requires level of inference from null to contrast
- Also contrast is planet to residual star => need planet simulator in lab (as do others).
- JPL (M.Shao/M. Levine) have achieved deep nulls ~10<sup>-6</sup> => 10<sup>-9</sup> contrast
- Much interest in nulling for TPF-I, Keck etc...





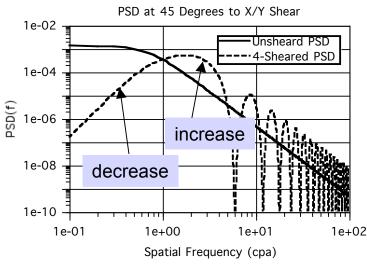
# **Backup Slides**

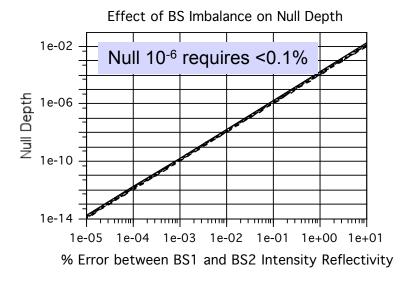




### **Some VNC Sensitivities**



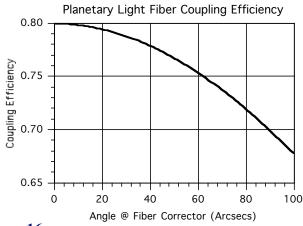


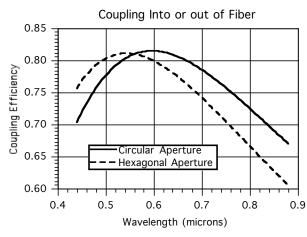


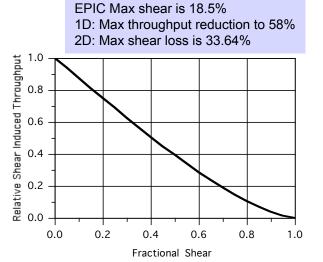
Open Loop: Shear decreases low cpa sensitivity Increases mid cpa freq sensitivity

Closed Loop: segmented DM w/SFA corrects to N/2 cpa

Drift/null control step: sets requirements





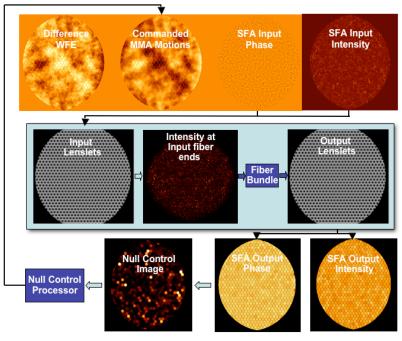






### **Null Control**





- SFA pupil image to photon counting detector
- Multiplex null control (implicit WF & Amp)
- Each sub-Ap independently (~1200 subAps)
- · Assume full bright flux:

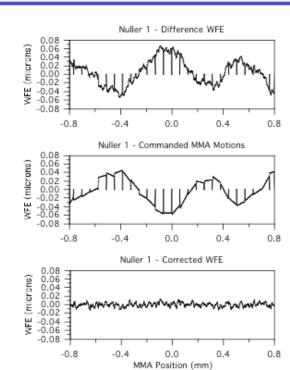
- V=5, A = 1.77 m<sup>2</sup>, 
$$\lambda$$
 = 500 - 575 nm, T = 12%

- Rate ~ 13275 photons/sec/subaperture
- Reduce null from 1.0 to <10<sup>-7</sup> with gain/step ~0.1

$$N_f = Null \cdot N_0 = g^{nStep} N_0 \Longrightarrow nStep = 7$$

- such that final SNR = 5 
$$\sqrt{N_f} = \sqrt{g^{\it nStep}N_0} = SNR_f \qquad N_0 = R\Delta t_{\it step}$$

$$\Delta t_{Total} = \frac{nStep \cdot SNR_f^2}{g^{nStep}R} = 131826 \sec (37 \text{ hrs})$$
 | Initial null control Worst case:



#### Closed Loop:

- drift from 10<sup>-7</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup> null
- bring back down to 10<sup>-7</sup>
- retune for each shear/roll
- retune for each filter

$$\Delta t_{step} = \frac{SNR_f^2}{g^1R} = 0.019 \text{ sec}$$